Research Papers: A Generic Checklist

The following list will give you a general idea of how to approach a research paper, but your assignment may call for more (or less) than what appears below. Make sure that you know what your assignment calls for and what your instructor is asking you to do.

**Getting Started**
1. Read over the requirement and expectations for this paper (rubric)
2. Choose a general topic
3. Do some preliminary reading
4. Narrow down the topic
5. Develop a working thesis statement (you can also do this as you research or take notes)
6. Discuss any questions you have at this point with a Writing Center tutor

**Gathering Research**
1. Search for books and journal articles at the library or on their website (uu.worldcat.org for the catalog and [http://guides.uu.edu/databases](http://guides.uu.edu/databases) for databases, e-books, and media)
2. Run a search on Google Scholar to find peer-reviewed sources about your topic
3. Evaluate the research you find to decide what you should read more closely.
4. Compile a working bibliography in APA, MLA, or Chicago Style
5. Continue developing your thesis statement
6. Discuss any questions you have at this point with a Writing Center tutor or make an appointment with a library Research Coach.

**Taking Notes**
1. Develop a working outline and highlight useable quotations as you’re reading
2. Continue developing your thesis statement
3. Avoid plagiarism by clearly marking words/sentences you take directly
4. Discuss any questions you have at this point with a Writing Center tutor.

Writing the Paper

1. Review your working outline and evaluate the order of your information.
2. Consider your (real and imagined) readers—should you write formally or conversationally? (It is usually best to use a “middle style” of speech.)
3. Write the rough draft, following your outline.
4. Make sure your cite outside research, use signal phrases to transition to outside research, and include footnotes, endnotes, or APA or MLA in-text citations.
5. Evaluate the organization and flow of your paper; consider reverse-outlining.
6. Discuss any questions you have at this point with a Writing Center tutor.

Proofreading and Formatting the Paper

1. Check the font size and margins.
2. Make sure you include a title, citations, and a complete bibliography or works cited.
3. Read through the paper out loud and listen for awkward or confusing phrasing. (If time allows, read through your paper multiple times with a few hours of time passing in between; this allows for you to read your paper with a fresh perspective and catch more mistakes.)
4. Read through the paper again and look for misspelled words and grammatical errors.
5. Discuss any questions you have at this point with a Writing Center tutor before submission.